<u>Heptonstall School – Speaking and Listening Progression Map</u>

	Listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers	Ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge	Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary	Articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
YR	 Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. (ELG) Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. (ELG) 	 Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.(ELG) 	• Use new vocabulary in different contexts	 Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher. (ELG)
Y1	 Listen with sustained concentration to others in the class and to an adult speaking. Follow a variety of simple instructions. 	• Ask relevant questions.	• Experiment with and build new stores of words to communicate in different contexts	 Listen to stories/non- fiction (including digitally) and express views about how it has been presented. Discuss why they like a performance
Y2	Identify points of interest when listening to a story told or broadcast.	Ask and answer relevant questions and suggest ideas to others.	Use spoken language to describe concepts out of their immediate world	Comment constructively on presentations.
Y3	Identify in broadcasts some of the presentational features used to communicate the main points.	Sustain a conversation, asking relevant questions.	Develop and use specific vocabulary in different contexts	Compare and comment constructively on the success of different performances.
Y4	 Listen to a speaker and make simple notes on the talk. Identify how talk varies with age, familiarity and purpose. 	Respond appropriately to the contributions of other by asking questions.	Develop and use specific vocabulary in a wider variety of different contexts	Offer reasons and evidence for their views, considering alternative opinions.
Y5	Sustain listening to different sources, making their own notes.	Identify different question types and evaluate their impact on the audience.	Use appropriate vocabulary to describe abstract concepts	Analyse and evaluate how effectively speakers use language to argue and persuade.
Y6	 Make notes when listening for a sustained period and discuss how note-taking varies depending on context and purpose. Listen for language variation in formal and informal contexts. 	Use different question types that are appropriate for the purpose and audience.	Analyse and evaluate how speakers present points effectively through the use of language	Use the techniques of dialogic talk to explore ideas, topics or issues.

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	Give well- structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings	Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comment.	Use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas.	Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English.
YR	Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Offer anylong tions for why things might banned making.	Build constructive and respectful relationships. Note: A server and se	Develop social phrases.	Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives.
	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non- fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. (ELG) 	 Hold conversation when engaged in back- and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. (ELG) 		
		• -Participate in small group, class and one- to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. (ELG)		
Y1	Retell stories, ordering events using story language.	• Take turns as a speaker when working with others	• Remember the main points of a story	Tell stories and describe incidents from their own experience in an audible voice.
Y2	Explain ideas and processes using imaginative and adventurous vocabulary.	Take turns as a speaker and listener when working with others	Retell a wider range of stories, fairy tales and traditional tales using conventions of familiar story language.	Speak clearly and audibly to a large group.
Y3	Give a clear account/ explanation which is sustained and complete.	• Use talk to plan and organise work in a group	 Follow up others' points and show whether they agree or disagree in whole-class discussion. 	Use formal language appropriately.
Y4	Tell stories effectively and convey detailed information coherently for listeners.	• Take different roles in groups and use the language appropriate to them, including the roles of leader, reporter, scribe and mentor.	Comment constructively on plays, performances and presentations, discussing effects and how they are achieved.	Use a wider range of formal language appropriately.
Y5	• Tell a story using notes designed to cue techniques such as repetition, recap and humor.	Understand and make use of a variety of ways to support, challenge and accept criticism.	• Sustain and reflect on how different techniques for working in role help to explore complex issues.	Use standard English appropriately.
		Plan and manage work in groups with minimum supervision.	Analyse theuse of persuasive language.	
		• Take different roles effectively, including leading the group.		
Y6	Use a range of oral techniques to present persuasive arguments and engaging narratives.	Understand and use a variety of ways to criticise constructively and respond to criticism.	Consider examples of conflict and resolution, exploring the language used.	Use a wider range of standard English appropriately.

te understanding of what has been om by retelling stories and narratives own words and recently introduced of (ELG) address and recently introduced of during discussions about stories, nonemes and poems and during role- play. The property of the explore situations. The property of the explore situations are considered as the explore situations.		 Think about the perspectives of others. Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. (ELG) 	Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities.
om by retelling stories and narratives town words and recently introduced of (ELG) Inderstand recently introduced of during discussions about stories, nonlimes and poems and during role-play. The product of the play is a storie of the play is a	others. (ELG)	those of others, and begin to regulate their	
during discussions about stories, non- mes and poems and during role- play. The play is a property of the play is a play is			
ir ownand well known stories using			
	• Use words to sequence and sustain talk.	 Listen in discussion by following up points with the support of an adult. 	Interpret a text by reading aloud with some variety in pace and emphasis.
to do in a group situation (e.g parts in a play).	• Convey simple information showing awareness of what the listener needs to know.	Listen attentively in discussion by following up points with the support of an adult, agreeing or disagreeing with other speakers.	Vary voice and intonation with purpose.
isations and work in role to explore	• Consider how mood and atmosphere are created in live or recorded performances.		
tation techniques such as visual aids, c.	Perform plays to engage the interest of an audience in school.	• Listen attentively in discussion by following up points, agreeing or disagreeing with other speakers.	• Choose and prepare poems for performance, identifying appropriate expression, tone, volume and use of voices and other sounds.
oups of different sizes, taking different	• Use spoken language imaginatively, engaging the listener.	• Improvise dialogue and events to interpret key ideas and issues.	
oup work over time, organising group nd resources.	• - Compare the effects of music, words and images of visual media.	Create roles showing how behavior can be interpreted from different viewpoints.	Choose and prepare poems for performance, identifying appropriate expression, tone, volume and use of voices and other sounds.
pokenargument, sequencing points efending views with evidence and of persuasive language.	• Use persuasive techniques deliberately to influence the listener.	Organise and shape a talk, making connections between ideas and drawing on different points of view.	Identify the importance of some key differences between formal and informal spoken language.
performa play for a specific audience.		• Understand the process of decision making.	
		• Evaluate different aspects of a live performance, including characterisation, dramatic effects and suitability for different audiences.	
	Devise a performance considering how to adapt the performance for a specific audience.	Negotiate and make decisions taking account of alternatives and consequences.	• Identify the ways spoken language varies according to differences in the context and purpose of its use.
0	f persuasive language.	f persuasive language. In whole class debate using the and language of debate, including • Devise a performance considering how to adapt the performance for a specific audience.	rforma play for a specific audience. • Understand the process of decision making. • Evaluate different aspects of a live performance, including characterisation, dramatic effects and suitability for different audiences. • Devise a performance considering how to adapt the performance for a specific audience. • Negotiate and make decisions taking account of alternatives and consequences.